FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[CORRECTED]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NOS. 600, 337 & 413

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on the Judiciary and Civil and Criminal Jurisprudence, May 10, 2011, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

1167S.05C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 43.260, 43.265, 87.005, 87.006, 304.820, 565.081, 565.083, and 570.080, RSMo, section 565.082 as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for house bill no. 62, ninety-fifth general assembly, first regular session and section 565.082 as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house bill no. 683, ninety-fifth general assembly, first regular session, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to public safety, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 43.260, 43.265, 87.005, 87.006, 304.820, 565.081,

- 2 565.083, and 570.080, RSMo, section 565.082 as enacted by conference committee
- 3 substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house
- 4 committee substitute for house bill no. 62, ninety-fifth general assembly, first
- 5 regular session and section 565.082 as enacted by conference committee
- 6 substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house bill no.
- 7 683, ninety-fifth general assembly, first regular session, are repealed and nine
- 8 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 43.260, 43.265,
- $9 \quad 87.005, \ 87.006, \ 304.820, \ 565.081, \ 565.082, \ 565.083, \ and \ 570.080, \ to \ read \ as$
- 10 follows:

43.260. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 2 Missouri state highway patrol is hereby authorized to sell surplus highway patrol
- B motor vehicles, watercraft, watercraft motors, and trailers. Sales to
- 4 municipal, county, political subdivisions or state governmental agencies shall be
- 5 given preference over sales to the general public. Vehicles, watercraft,
- 6 watercraft motors, and trailers may be offered for sale only after approval is
- 7 given in writing by the commissioner of administration and an evaluation is made
- 8 of each [vehicle] asset and a price determined by the commissioner of
- 9 administration. The highway patrol shall accept not less than the amount
- 10 authorized by the commissioner of administration for the sale of vehicles,
- 11 watercraft, watercraft motors, and trailers.
 - 43.265. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Highway
 - 2 Patrol's Motor Vehicle [and], Aircraft, and Watercraft Revolving Fund", which
 - 3 shall be administered by the superintendent of the highway patrol. All funds
 - 4 received by the highway patrol from:
- 5 (1) Any source for purchase of highway patrol motor vehicles, watercraft,
- 6 watercraft motors, and trailers;
- 7 (2) Any source for reimbursement of costs associated with the official use
- 8 of highway patrol vehicles;
- 9 (3) Any source for restitution for damage to or loss of a highway patrol
- 10 vehicle or aircraft;
- 11 (4) Any other source for the purchase of highway patrol aircraft or aircraft
- 12 parts; and
- 13 (5) Government agencies for the reimbursement of costs associated with
- 14 aircraft flights flown on their behalf by the highway patrol;
- 15 shall be credited to the fund. The state treasurer is the custodian of the fund and
- 16 shall approve disbursements from the fund subject to appropriation and as
- 17 provided by law and the constitution of this state at the request of the
- 18 superintendent of the highway patrol. The balances from this fund shall be used
- 19 for the purchase of highway patrol motor vehicles, highway patrol watercraft,
- 20 watercraft motors, and trailers, highway patrol aircraft or aircraft parts and
- 21 operational costs. Any unexpended balance in the fund at the end of the fiscal
- 22 year shall be exempt from the provisions of section 33.080 relating to the transfer
- 23 of unexpended balances to the general revenue fund.
 - 87.005. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary,
 - 2 after five years' service, any condition of impairment of health caused by any
 - B infectious disease, disease of the lungs or respiratory tract, hypertension, or

- 4 disease of the heart resulting in total or partial disability or death to a uniformed
- 5 member of a paid fire department, who successfully passed a physical
- 6 examination within five years prior to the time a claim is made for such disability
- 7 or death, which examination failed to reveal any evidence of such condition, shall
- 8 be presumed to have been suffered in line of duty, unless the contrary be shown
- 9 by competent evidence. In order to receive the presumption that an
- 10 infectious disease was contracted in the line of duty, the member shall
- 11 submit to an annual physical examination, at which a blood test is
- 12 administered.
- 2. This section shall apply only to the provisions of chapter 87, RSMo
- 14 1959.
- 15 3. As used in this section, the term "infectious disease" means the
- 16 human immunodeficiency virus, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome,
- 17 tuberculosis, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, hepatitis D,
- 18 diphtheria, meningococcal meningitis, methicillin-resistant
- 19 staphylococcus aureus, hemorrhagic fever, plague, rabies, and severe
- 20 acute respiratory syndrome.
 - 87.006. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, and
 - 2 only for the purpose of computing retirement benefits provided by an established
- 3 retirement plan, after five years' service, any condition of impairment of health
- 4 caused by any infectious disease, disease of the lungs or respiratory tract,
- 5 hypotension, hypertension, or disease of the heart resulting in total or partial
- 6 disability or death to a uniformed member of a paid fire department, who
- 7 successfully passed a physical examination within five years prior to the time a
- 8 claim is made for such disability or death, which examination failed to reveal any
- 9 evidence of such condition, shall be presumed to have been suffered in the line
- 10 of duty, unless the contrary be shown by competent evidence.
- 11 2. Any condition of cancer affecting the skin or the central nervous,
- 12 lymphatic, digestive, hematological, urinary, skeletal, oral, breast, testicular,
- 13 genitourinary, liver or prostate systems, as well as any condition of cancer which
- 14 may result from exposure to heat or radiation or to a known or suspected
- 15 carcinogen as determined by the International Agency for Research on Cancer,
- 16 which results in the total or partial disability or death to a uniformed member of
- 17 a paid fire department who successfully passed a physical examination within five
- 18 years prior to the time a claim is made for disability or death, which examination
- 19 failed to reveal any evidence of such condition, shall be presumed to have been

- 20 suffered in the line of duty unless the contrary be shown by competent evidence
- 21 and it can be proven to a reasonable degree of medical certainty that the
- 22 condition did not result nor was contributed to by the voluntary use of tobacco.
- 3. This section shall apply to paid members of all fire departments of all
- 24 counties, cities, towns, fire districts, and other governmental units.
- 25 4. As used in this section, the term "infectious disease" means the
- 26 human immunodeficiency virus, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome,
- 27 tuberculosis, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, hepatitis D,
- 28 diphtheria, meningococcal meningitis, methicillin-resistant
- 29 staphylococcus aureus, hemorrhagic fever, plague, rabies, and severe
- 30 acute respiratory syndrome.
 - 304.820. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person
 - 2 [twenty-one years of age or younger] operating a moving motor vehicle upon the
 - 3 highways of this state shall, by means of a hand-held electronic wireless
 - 4 communications device, send, read, or write a text message or electronic message,
 - 5 unless the device is equipped with technology allowing for voice-
 - 6 recognition hands-free texting and is being used in such manner.
- 7 2. The provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to a person
- 8 operating:
- 9 (1) An authorized emergency vehicle; or
- 10 (2) A moving motor vehicle while using a hand-held electronic wireless
- 11 communications device to:
- 12 (a) Report illegal activity;
- 13 (b) Summon medical or other emergency help;
- (c) Prevent injury to a person or property; or
- 15 (d) Relay information between a transit or for-hire operator and that
- 16 operator's dispatcher, in which the device is permanently affixed to the vehicle.
- 17 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed or interpreted as prohibiting
- 18 a person from making or taking part in a telephone call, by means of a hand-held
- 19 electronic wireless communications device, while operating a motor vehicle upon
- 20 the highways of this state.
- 21 4. As used in this section, "electronic message" means a self-contained
- 22 piece of digital communication that is designed or intended to be transmitted
- 23 between hand-held electronic wireless communication devices. "Electronic
- 24 message" includes, but is not limited to, electronic mail, a text message, an
- 25 instant message, or a command or request to access an internet site.

- 5. As used in this section, "hand-held electronic wireless communications device" includes any hand-held cellular phone, palm pilot, blackberry, or other mobile electronic device used to communicate verbally or by text or electronic messaging, but shall not apply to any device that is permanently embedded into the architecture and design of the motor vehicle.
- 6. As used in this section, "making or taking part in a telephone call" means listening to or engaging in verbal communication through a hand-held electronic wireless communication device.
- 7. As used in this section, "send, read, or write a text message or electronic message" means using a hand-held electronic wireless telecommunications device to manually communicate with any person by using an electronic message. Sending, reading, or writing a text message or electronic message does not include reading, selecting, or entering a phone number or name into a hand-held electronic wireless communications device for the purpose of making a telephone call.
- 8. A violation of this section shall be deemed an infraction and shall be deemed a moving violation for purposes of point assessment under section 302.302, RSMo.
- 9. The state preempts the field of regulating the use of hand-held electronic wireless communications devices in motor vehicles, and the provisions of this section shall supercede any local laws, ordinances, orders, rules, or regulations enacted by a county, municipality, or other political subdivision to regulate the use of hand-held electronic wireless communication devices by the operator of a motor vehicle.
 - 10. The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
- 51 (1) The operator of a vehicle that is lawfully parked or stopped;
- 52 (2) Any of the following while in the performance of their official duties: 53 a law enforcement officer; a member of a fire department; or the operator of a 54 public or private ambulance;
- 55 (3) The use of factory-installed or aftermarket global positioning systems 56 (GPS) or wireless communications devices used to transmit or receive data as part 57 of a digital dispatch system;
- 58 (4) The use of voice-operated technology;
- 59 (5) The use of two-way radio transmitters or receivers by a licensee of the 60 Federal Communications Commission in the Amateur Radio Service.
 - 565.081. 1. A person commits the crime of assault of a law enforcement

- 2 officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction
- 3 zone or work zone, utility worker, or probation and parole officer in the first
- 4 degree if such person attempts to kill or knowingly causes or attempts to cause
- 5 serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency
- 6 personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, utility worker,
- 7 or probation and parole officer.
- 8 2. As used in this section, "emergency personnel" means any paid or
- 9 volunteer firefighter, emergency room or trauma center personnel, or emergency
- 10 medical technician as defined in subdivisions (15), (16), (17), and (18) of section
- 11 190.100.
- 12 3. As used in this section the term "corrections officer" includes any jailer
- 13 or corrections officer of the state or any political subdivision of the state.
- 14 4. When used in this section, the terms "highway worker", "construction
- 15 zone", or "work zone" shall have the same meaning as such terms are defined in
- 16 section 304.580.
- 17 5. As used in this section, the term "utility worker" means any
- 18 employee while in performance of their job duties, including any
- 19 person employed under contract, of a utility that provides gas, heat,
- 20 electricity, water, steam, telecommunications services, or sewer
- 21 services, whether privately, municipally, or cooperatively owned.
- 22 **6.** Assault of a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency
- 23 personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, utility worker,
- 24 or probation and parole officer in the first degree is a class A felony.
 - [565.082. 1. A person commits the crime of assault of a law
- 2 enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or
- 3 probation and parole officer in the second degree if such person:
- 4 (1) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical injury
- 5 to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency
- 6 personnel, or probation and parole officer by means of a deadly
- 7 weapon or dangerous instrument;
- 8 (2) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical injury
- 9 to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency
- 10 personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, or
- 11 probation and parole officer by means other than a deadly weapon
- or dangerous instrument;

(3) Recklessly causes serious physical injury to a law

enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer; or

- (4) While in an intoxicated condition or under the influence of controlled substances or drugs, operates a motor vehicle or vessel in this state and when so operating, acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer;
- (5) Acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- (6) Purposely or recklessly places a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer in apprehension of immediate serious physical injury; or
- (7) Acts with criminal negligence to create a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer.
- 2. As used in this section, "emergency personnel" means any paid or volunteer firefighter, emergency room or trauma center personnel, or emergency medical technician as defined in subdivisions (15), (16), (17), and (18) of section 190.100.
- 3. As used in this section the term "corrections officer" includes any jailer or corrections officer of the state or any political subdivision of the state.
- 4. Assault of a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, or probation and parole officer in the second degree is a class B felony unless committed pursuant to subdivision (2), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection 1 of this section in which case it is a class C felony.]
- 565.082. 1. A person commits the crime of assault of a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer in the second degree if such person:
- 5 (1) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical injury to a law 6 enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, **highway worker**

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- 7 in a construction zone or work zone, utility worker, or probation and 8 parole officer by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- 9 (2) Knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical injury to a law 10 enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in 11 a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer 12 by means other than a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- 13 (3) Recklessly causes serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer, 14 corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone 15 or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer; or
 - (4) While in an intoxicated condition or under the influence of controlled substances or drugs, operates a motor vehicle or vessel in this state and when so operating, acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer;
- 21 (5) Acts with criminal negligence to cause physical injury to a law 22 enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in 23 a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer 24 by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument;
- 25 (6) Purposely or recklessly places a law enforcement officer, corrections 26 officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, 27 **utility worker,** or probation and parole officer in apprehension of immediate 28 serious physical injury; or
- (7) Acts with criminal negligence to create a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer.
- 2. As used in this section, "emergency personnel" means any paid or volunteer firefighter, emergency room or trauma center personnel, or emergency medical technician as defined in subdivisions (15), (16), (17), and (18) of section 190.100.
- 3. As used in this section the term "corrections officer" includes any jailer or corrections officer of the state or any political subdivision of the state.
- 4. When used in this section, the terms "highway worker", "construction zone", or "work zone" shall have the same meaning as such terms are defined in section 304.580.
- 42 5. As used in this section, the term "utility worker" means any

- employee while in performance of their job duties, including any person employed under contract, of a utility that provides gas, heat, electricity, water, steam, telecommunications services, or sewer services, whether privately, municipally, or cooperatively owned.
- 6. Assault of a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer in the second degree is a class B felony unless committed pursuant to subdivision (2), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection 1 of this section in which case it is a class C felony. For any violation of subdivision (1), (3), or (4) of subsection 1 of this section, the defendant must serve mandatory jail time as part of his or her sentence.
- 565.083. 1. A person commits the crime of assault of a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer in the third degree if:
- 5 (1) Such person recklessly causes physical injury to a law enforcement 6 officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction 7 zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer;
- 8 (2) Such person purposely places a law enforcement officer, corrections 9 officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, 10 **utility worker,** or probation and parole officer in apprehension of immediate 11 physical injury;
- 12 (3) Such person knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical contact
 13 with a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency personnel, highway
 14 worker in a construction zone or work zone, **utility worker**, or probation and
 15 parole officer without the consent of the law enforcement officer, corrections
 16 officer, emergency personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone,
 17 **utility worker**, or probation and parole officer.
- 2. As used in this section, "emergency personnel" means any paid or volunteer firefighter, emergency room or trauma center personnel, or emergency medical technician as defined in subdivisions (15), (16), (17), and (18) of section 190.100.
- 3. As used in this section the term "corrections officer" includes any jailer or corrections officer of the state or any political subdivision of the state.
- 4. When used in this section, the terms "highway worker", "construction zone", or "work zone" shall have the same meaning as such terms are defined in

26 section 304.580.

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- 27 5. As used in this section, the term "utility worker" means any 28 employee while in performance of their job duties, including any 29 person employed under contract, of a utility that provides gas, heat, 30 electricity, water, steam, telecommunications services, or sewer 31 services, whether privately, municipally, or cooperatively owned.
- 32 **6.** Assault of a law enforcement officer, corrections officer, emergency 33 personnel, highway worker in a construction zone or work zone, utility worker, or probation and parole officer in the third degree is a class A misdemeanor. 34
 - 570.080. 1. A person commits the crime of receiving stolen property if for the purpose of depriving the owner of a lawful interest therein, he or she receives, retains or disposes of property of another knowing that it has been stolen, or believing that it has been stolen.
- 5 2. Evidence of the following is admissible in any criminal prosecution pursuant to this section to prove the requisite knowledge or belief of the alleged 6 7 receiver:
- 8 (1) That he or she was found in possession or control of other property 9 stolen on separate occasions from two or more persons;
 - (2) That he or she received other stolen property in another transaction within the year preceding the transaction charged;
- (3) That he or she acquired the stolen property for a consideration which 12 he or she knew was far below its reasonable value; 13
- 14 (4) That he or she obtained control over stolen property knowing the property to have been stolen or under such circumstances as would reasonably 15 induce a person to believe the property was stolen. 16
- 3. [Receiving stolen property is a class A misdemeanor unless the property involved has a value of five hundred dollars or more, or the person receiving the property is a dealer in goods of the type in question, or the property 20involved is an explosive weapon as that term is defined in section 571.010, in which cases receiving stolen property is a class C felonyl Except as otherwise provided in subsections 4 and 5 of this section, receiving stolen property is a class A misdemeanor.
- 24 4. Receiving stolen property is a class C felony if:
- (1) The value of the property or services appropriated is five 25hundred dollars or more but less than twenty-five thousand dollars; 26
- 27 (2) The property has been physically taken from the person of

28 the victim; or

- 29 (3) The property appropriated includes:
- 30 (a) Any motor vehicle, watercraft, or aircraft;
- 31 (b) Any will or unrecorded deed affecting real property;
- 32 (c) Any credit card or letter of credit;
- 33 (d) Any firearm;
- 34 (e) Any explosive weapon as that term is defined in section 35 571.010;
- 36 (f) A United States national flag designed, intended, and used for display on buildings or stationary flagstaffs in the open;
- 38 (g) Any original copy of an act, bill, or resolution, introduced or 39 acted upon by the legislature of the state of Missouri;
- 40 (h) Any pleading, notice, judgment, or any other record or entry 41 of any court of this state, any other state, or of the United States;
- 42 (i) Any book of registration or list of voters required by chapter 43 115;
- 44 (j) Any animal considered livestock as that term is defined in 45 section 144.010;
- 46 (k) Any live fish raised for commercial sale with a value of 47 seventy-five dollars or more;
- 48 (l) Any captive wildlife held under permit issued by the 49 conservation commission;
- 50 (m) Any controlled substance as that term is defined in section 51 195.010:
- 52 (n) Anhydrous ammonia;
- 53 (o) Ammonium nitrate; or
- 54 (p) Any document of historical significance which has a fair 55 market value of five hundred dollars or more.
- 56 5. The receipt of any item of property or services pursuant to 57 subsection 4 of this section which exceeds five hundred dollars may be 58 considered a separate felony and may be charged in separate counts.
- 6. Any person who previously has been found guilty of, or pled guilty to, receiving stolen property, when the property is of the kind described under paragraph (j) or (l) of subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section and the value of the animal or animals received exceeds three thousand dollars, is guilty of a class B felony. Such person shall

- 64 serve a minimum prison term of not less than eighty percent of his or
- 65 her sentence before being eligible for probation, parole, conditional
- 66 release, or other early release by the department of corrections.
- 7. Receiving stolen property is a class B felony if the value of the
- 68 property or services equals or exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars.

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